

## EAST Search History

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	163	514/45.ccls.	US-PGPUB	OR	ON	2005/12/21 16:31
L2	236	514/46.ccls.	US-PGPUB	OR	ON	2005/12/21 16:31
L3	162	514/47.ccls.	US-PGPUB	OR	ON	2005/12/21 16:32
L4	51	514/48.ccls.	US-PGPUB	OR	ON	2005/12/21 16:32
L5	218	514/49.ccls.	US-PGPUB	OR	ON	2005/12/21 16:32
L6	251	514/50.ccls.	US-PGPUB	OR	ON	2005/12/21 16:32
L7	52	514/51.ccls.	US-PGPUB	OR	ON	2005/12/21 16:32
L8	856	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	US-PGPUB	OR	ON	2005/12/21 16:32
L9	282	8 and (hiv hbv hcv hdv hepatitis)	US-PGPUB	OR	ON	2005/12/21 16:32
L10	135	8 and (hiv hbv hcv hdv hepatitis). clm.	US-PGPUB	OR	ON	2005/12/21 16:32
S1	2	"6004939".pn.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/12/21 14:01
S2	3	"20020055483"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/12/21 14:50
S3	3	"6908924".pn.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/12/21 16:31

(09/834,596)

=> file registry  
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
0.42	0.42

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 20 DEC 2005 HIGHEST RN 870448-61-6  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 20 DEC 2005 HIGHEST RN 870448-61-6

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\*\*\*\*\*  
\*  
\* The CA roles and document type information have been removed from \*  
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\* available and contains the CA role and document type information. \*  
\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMITS  
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REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and  
predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of  
experimental property data in the original document. For information  
on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html>

=> e 688036-01-3/rn

E1	1	688035-99-6/RN
E2	1	688036-00-2/RN
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E4	1	688036-02-4/RN
E5	1	688036-03-5/RN
E6	1	688036-04-6/RN
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E8	1	688036-06-8/RN
E9	1	688036-07-9/RN
E10	1	688036-08-0/RN
E11	1	688036-09-1/RN
E12	1	688036-10-4/RN

=> s e3

L1 1 688036-01-3/RN

=> e 445249-34-3/rn

E1	1	445249-32-1/RN
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Searched  
reg #'s for cpts.  
That met limitations of  
claims

E4	1	445249-35-4/RN
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E7	1	445249-38-7/RN
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E12	1	445249-43-4/RN

=> s e3

L2	1	445249-34-3/RN
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E9	1	367492-03-3/RN
E10	1	367492-04-4/RN
E11	1	367492-05-5/RN
E12	1	367492-06-6/RN

=> s e3

L3	1	367491-97-2/RN
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=> e 219841-81-3/rn

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E9	1	219841-87-9/RN
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E11	1	219841-89-1/RN
E12	1	219841-90-4/RN

=> s e3

L4	1	219841-81-3/RN
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=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.86	1.28

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:54:20 ON 21 DEC 2005  
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FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 Dec 2005 (20051220/ED)

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=> s 11

L5 1 L1

=> s 12

L6 4 L2

=> s 13

L7 2 L3

=> s 14

L8 3 L4

=> 15 16 17 18

L5 IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND

The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system. For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> s 15 16 17 18

MISSING OPERATOR L5 L6

The search profile that was entered contains terms or nested terms that are not separated by a logical operator.

=> s 15 or 16 or 17 or 18

L9 8 L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8

=> d 1-8 19 bib abs hitstr

L9 ANSWER 1 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2005:447845 CAPLUS

DN 143:125824

TI A Virtual Screening Approach for Thymidine Monophosphate Kinase Inhibitors as Antitubercular Agents Based on Docking and Pharmacophore Models

AU Gopalakrishnan, B.; Aparna, V.; Jeevan, J.; Ravi, M.; Desiraju, G. R.

CS Bioinformatics Division, Advanced Technology Centre, TATA Consultancy Services Limited, Hyderabad, 500 081, India

SO Journal of Chemical Information and Modeling (2005) 45(4), 1101-1108  
CODEN: JCISD8; ISSN: 1549-9596

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB Docking and pharmacophore screening tools were used to examine the binding of ligands in the active site of thymidine monophosphate kinase of Mycobacterium tuberculosis. Docking anal. of deoxythymidine monophosphate (dTMP) analogs suggests the role of hydrogen bonding and other weak interactions in enzyme selectivity. Water-mediated hydrogen-bond networks and a halogen-bond interaction seem to stabilize the mol. recognition. A pharmacophore model was developed using 20 dTMP analogs. The pharmacophoric features were complementary to the active site residues involved in the ligand recognition. On the basis of these studies, a

composite screening model that combines the features from both the docking anal. and the pharmacophore model was developed. The composite model was validated by screening a database spiked with 47 known inhibitors. The model picked up 42 of these, giving an enrichment factor of 17. The validated model was used to successfully screen an inhouse database of about 500,000 compds. Subsequent screening with other filters gave 186 hit mols.

IT 445249-34-3

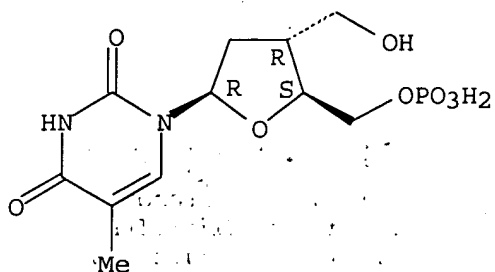
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(virtual screening approach for thymidine monophosphate kinase inhibitors as antitubercular agents based on docking and pharmacophore models)

RN 445249-34-3 CAPLUS

CN 5'-Thymidylic acid, 3'-deoxy-3'-(hydroxymethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 42 : THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 2 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2004:263230 CAPLUS

DN 140:391434

TI Synthesis of potentially antiviral 2',3'-dideoxy-2'-fluoro-3'-(hydroxyamino)nucleosides

AU Wang, Songqing; Chang, Junbiao; Pan, Shifeng; Zhao, Kang

CS College of Pharmaceuticals and Biotechnology, Tianjin University, Tianjin, 300072, Peop. Rep. China

SO Helvetica Chimica Acta (2004), 87(2), 327-339

CODEN: HCACAV; ISSN: 0018-019X

PB Verlag Helvetica Chimica Acta

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 140:391434

AB A series of novel 3'-(alkyl(hydroxy)amino)-2'-fluoronucleoside analogs were prepared via conjugate addition of N-methylhydroxylamine to various 2-fluorobutenolides. The products were obtained as single isomers under absolute control of stereochem. The crucial N-demethylation was readily achieved by means of DDQ oxidation, followed by nitron/oxime exchange reaction. By this procedure, a variety of alkyl groups could be efficiently introduced at the 3'-N-atom of the nucleoside analogs, some of which might display potentially interesting anti-HIV properties.

IT 219841-81-3P 688036-01-3P

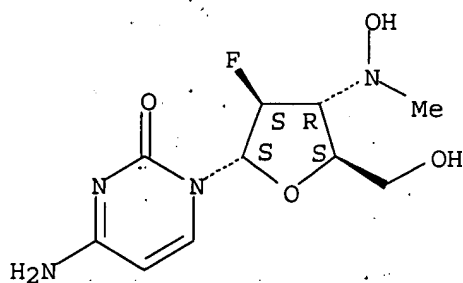
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(synthesis of potentially antiviral N-alkyl 2',3'-dideoxyfluoro(hydroxyamino)nucleosides via stereoselective conjugate addition followed by N-demethylation)

RN 219841-81-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[2,3-dideoxy-2-fluoro-3-(hydroxymethylamino)- $\alpha$ -D-arabinofuranosyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

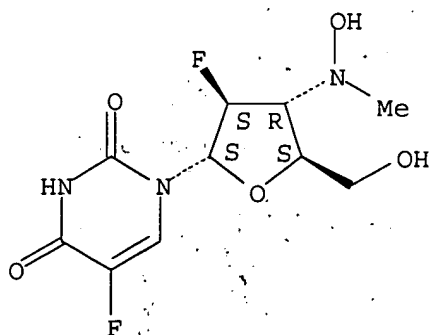
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 688036-01-3 CAPLUS

CN 2,4(1H,3H)-Pyrimidinedione, 1-[2,3-dideoxy-2-fluoro-3-(hydroxymethylamino)- $\alpha$ -D-arabinofuranosyl]-5-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 3 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2004:184135 CAPLUS

DN 141:7386

TI Synthesis of  $\beta$ -L-2',3'-dideoxy-2'-fluoro-3'-hydroxymethylarabinofuranosyl pyrimidine nucleosides

AU Song, Jian; Wang, Xiao Lei; Xiang, Yue Jun; Chu, Chung K.; Schinazi, Raymond; Zhao, Kang

CS The College of Pharmaceuticals and Biotechnology, Tianjin University, Tianjin, 300072, Peop. Rep. China

SO Chinese Chemical Letters (2004), 15(2), 135-137

CODEN: CCLEE7; ISSN: 1001-8417

PB Chinese Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 141:7386

AB  $\beta$ -L-2',3'-Dideoxy-2'-fluoro-3'-hydroxymethylarabinofuranosylthymine and cytosine were synthesized from L-xylose and found to be inactive against HIV-1 in acutely infected lymphocytes (no data).

IT 367491-97-2P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(synthesis and antiviral activity of  $\beta$ -L-

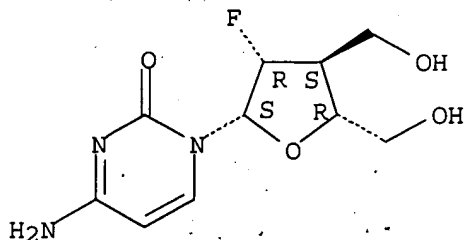
dideoxyfluorohydroxymethyl arabinofuranosyl pyrimidine nucleosides)

RN 367491-97-2 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[2,3-dideoxy-2-fluoro-3-(hydroxymethyl)-

$\beta$ -L-arabinofuranosyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT. 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 4 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2003:591551 CAPLUS

DN 139:270256

TI 3'-C-Branched-Chain-Substituted Nucleosides and Nucleotides as Potent Inhibitors of Mycobacterium tuberculosis Thymidine Monophosphate Kinase

AU Vanheusden, Veerle; Munier-Lehmann, Helene; Froeyen, Matheus; Dugue, Laurence; Heyerick, Arne; De Keukeleire, Denis; Pochet, Sylvie; Busson, Roger; Herdewijn, Piet; Van Calenbergh, Serge

CS Laboratory for Medicinal Chemistry (FEW), Ghent University, Ghent, 9000, Belg.

SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2003), 46(18), 3811-3821

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 139:270256

AB Thymidine monophosphate kinase (TMPK) of Mycobacterium tuberculosis (TMPKmt) represents an attractive target for blocking the bacterial DNA synthesis. In an attempt to find high-affinity inhibitors of TMPKmt, a cavity in the enzyme at the 3'-position was explored via the introduction of various substituents at the 3'-position of the thymidine monophosphate (dTMP) scaffold. Various 3'-C-branched chain substituted nucleotides in the 2'-deoxyribo and ribo series were synthesized from one key intermediate. 2'-Deoxy analogs proved to be potent inhibitors of TMPKmt: 3'-CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> (4), 3'-CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub> (3), and 3'-CH<sub>2</sub>F (5) nucleotides exhibit the highest affinities within this series, with K<sub>i</sub> values of 10.5, 12, and 15  $\mu$ M, resp. These results show that TMPKmt tolerates the introduction of sterically demanding substituents at the 3'-position. Ribo analogs experience a significant affinity decrease, which is probably due to steric hindrance of Tyr103 in close vicinity of the 2'-position. Although the 5'-O-phosphorylated compds. have somewhat higher affinities for the enzyme, the parent nucleosides generally exhibit affinities for TMPKmt in the same order of magnitude and display a superior selectivity profile vs. human TMPK. This series of inhibitors holds promise for the development of a new class of antituberculosis agents.

IT 445249-34-3P

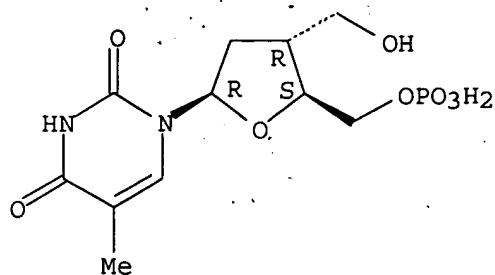
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

... (preparation and structure-activity relationship of substituted nucleosides and nucleotides as potent inhibitors of Mycobacterium tuberculosis thymidine monophosphate kinase)

RN 445249-34-3 CAPLUS

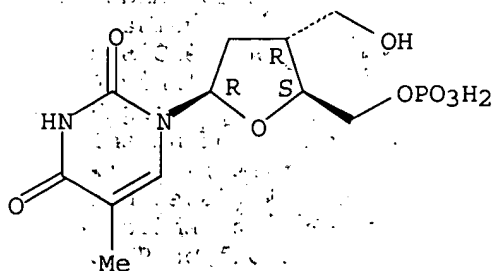
CN 5'-Thymidylic acid, 3'-deoxy-3'-(hydroxymethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

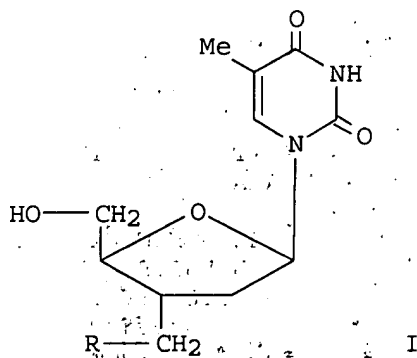
L9 ANSWER 5 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
AN 2002:775003 CAPLUS  
DN 138:348290  
TI Thymidine (monophosphate) analogues as Mycobacterium tuberculosis  
thymidylate kinase inhibitors  
AU Van Rompaey, Philippe; Veerle, Vanheusden; Pochet, Sylvie; Munier-Lehmann,  
Helene; Froeyen, Matheus; Herdewijn, Piet; Van Calenbergh, Serge  
CS Laboratory for Medicinal Chemistry, Ghent University, Ghent, B-9000, Belg.  
SO Collection Symposium Series (2002) 5(Chemistry of Nucleic Acid  
Components), 393-395  
CODEN: CSYSFN  
PB Institute of Organic Chemistry and Biochemistry, Academy of Sciences of  
the Czech Republic  
DT Journal  
LA English  
AB The authors introduced Mycobacterium tuberculosis thymidine monophosphate  
kinase (TMPKmt), a key enzyme of nucleotide metabolism with unique structural  
and catalytic features, as a potentially attractive target for the  
rational design of inhibitors. Structural modification of the  
dTMP-scaffold resulted in the identification of nucleosidic inhibitors of  
TMPKmt, that exhibit affinities comparable to the natural substrate. A  
brief symposium summarizing affinities of some thymidine analogs for  
Mycobacterium tuberculosis thymidine monophosphate kinase is presented  
with some discussion on the structure-activity.  
IT 445249-34-3  
RL:BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity);  
PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES  
(Uses)  
(thymidine monophosphate analogs as Mycobacterium tuberculosis  
thymidylate kinase inhibitors)  
RN 445249-34-3 CAPLUS  
CN 5'-Thymidylic acid, 3'-deoxy-3'-(hydroxymethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
Absolute stereochemistry.





RE.CNT 7      THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 6 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
AN 2002:267567 CAPLUS  
DN 137:155139  
TI Structure-based design of inhibitors for M. Tuberculosis thymidine  
monophosphate kinase  
AU Vanheusden, Veerle; Herdewijn, Piet; Van Calenbergh, Serge  
CS Laboratory for Medicinal Chemistry (FEW), Rijksuniversiteit Gent, Ghent,  
B-9000, Belg.  
SO Journal de Pharmacie de Belgique (2002), (Hors Serie 1), 41-43  
CODEN: JPBEAJ; ISSN: 0047-2166  
PB Association Pharmaceutique Belge, Service Scientifique  
DT Journal  
LA English  
OS CASREACT 137:155139  
GI



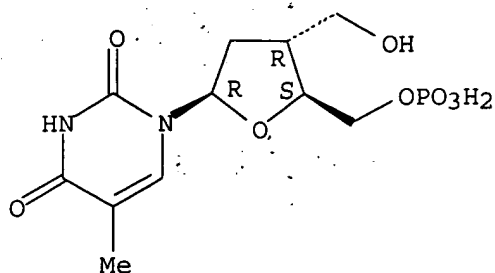
AB By replacing the 3'-OH group of thymidine, several 3'-C-branched nucleosides and nucleotides were prepared, and tested for their inhibitional activity against M. tuberculosis thymidine monophosphate kinase (TB TMPK). Compds. (I; R = OH, F, N3, or NH2) and their corresponding 5'-O-monophosphates were prepared from 1,2-O-isopropylidene- $\alpha$ -D-xylofuranose by a series of reactions including Swern oxidation, Wittig reaction, Vorbruggen base coupling, reduction, and fluorination. The 5-OH compds. showed  $K_i$  values of 10.5 - 20  $\mu$ M against TB TMPK; the 5'-O-monophosphates were more active, with  $K_i$  29 - 60.5  $\mu$ M.

IT **445249-34-3P**  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation and evaluation of as inhibitors of M. tuberculosis thymidine monophosphate kinase)

RN 445249-34-3 CAPLUS

CN 5'-Thymidylic acid, 3'-deoxy-3'-(hydroxymethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

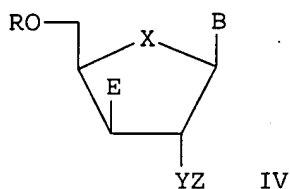
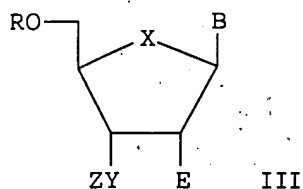
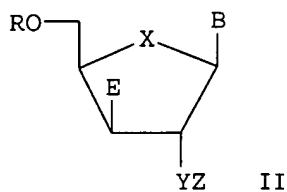
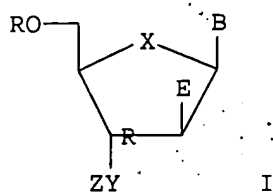


RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 7 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
AN 2001:780927 CAPLUS  
DN 135:318659  
TI Preparation of 3'-or 2'-hydroxymethyl substituted nucleoside and  
nucleotides for treatment of hepatitis virus infections  
IN Watanabe, Kyoichi A.; Pai, Balakrishna S.  
PA Pharmasset, Ltd., Barbados  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 175 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 1

*Mine*

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001079246	A2	20011025	WO 2001-US12050	20010413
WO 2001079246	A3	20020815		
W:				
AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,				
CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,				
HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,				
LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,				
SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,				
YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,				
DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,				
BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2404639	AA	20011025	CA 2001-2404639	20010413
US 2002055483	A1	20020509	US 2001-834596	20010413
EP 1284741	A2	20030226	EP 2001-932551	20010413
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,				
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
JP 2003532643	T2	20031105	JP 2001-576844	20010413
BR 2001010023	A	20031230	BR 2001-10023	20010413
PRAI US 2000-197068P	P	20000413		
US 2000-202663P	P	20000508		
WO 2001-US12050	W	20010413		
OS MARPAT 135:318659				
GI				



AB The present invention relates to a composition for and a method of treating hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection, hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection, hepatitis D virus (HDV) infection or a proliferative disorder in a patient using an effective amount of a compound selected from the group consisting of nucleoside or nucleotide I-IV mixts. of two or more wherein E is selected from the group consisting of H, OH, OMe, SH, SMe, NH<sub>2</sub>, NHMe, N, F, Cl, Br, COH, CO<sub>2</sub>-alkyl, OPh, OPhNO, NO, NO<sub>2</sub>, SCN, OCN, NCS, NCO, SOMe, SOME; X is selected from the group consisting of O, S, NH, CH, CHF, CF; Y is selected from the group consisting of CH, NH, NOH, NMe, NEt, NOME, CHF, CF; Z is selected from the group consisting of H, OH, OMe, SH, SMe, F, Cl, Br, I, NH, NHMe; B is a nucleobase, R is a phosphate derivative Pharmaceutical compns. comprising these compds. in combination with other HBV, HCV, or HDV agents is also disclosed. Thus, 1-[2,3-Dideoxy-2-β-fluoro-3-(N-hydroxy-N-iso-butylamino)-α-D-arabinofuranosyl]-5-fluoro-uracil was prepared and tested in vitro for its antiviral activity.

IT 219841-81-3P 367491-97-2P

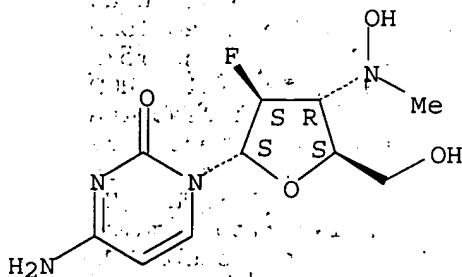
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study; unclassified); IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of or hydroxymethyl substituted nucleoside and nucleotides for treatment of hepatitis virus infections)

RN 219841-81-3 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[2,3-dideoxy-2-fluoro-3-(hydroxymethylamino)-α-D-arabinofuranosyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

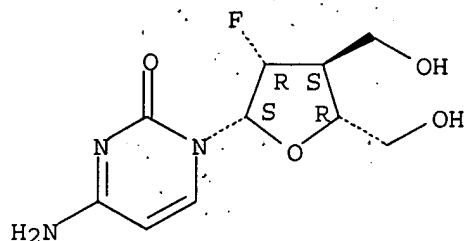


RN 367491-97-2 CAPLUS

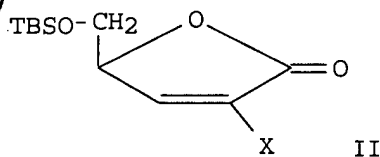
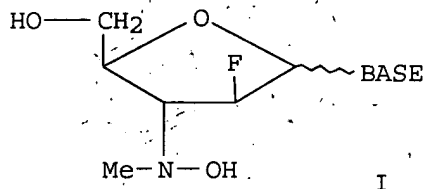
CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[2,3-dideoxy-2-fluoro-3-(hydroxymethyl)-

$\beta$ -L-arabinofuranosyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L9 ANSWER 8 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
AN 1998:782629 CAPLUS  
DN 130:125332  
TI Concerted Conjugate Addition of Nucleophiles to Alkenoates. 2. Synthesis of 2',3'-Dideoxy-2'- $\beta$ -fluoro-3'-(N-hydroxy-N-methylamino)-D-arabinofuranosyl Nucleosides  
AU Pan, Shifeng; Wang, Jianwu; Zhao, Kang  
CS Department of Chemistry, New York University, NY, 10003, USA  
SO Journal of Organic Chemistry (1999), 64(1), 4-5  
CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263  
PB American Chemical Society  
DT Journal  
LA English  
GI



AB Synthesis of 2',3'-dideoxy-2'-fluoro-3'-(N-hydroxyl-N-methylamino)-D-arabino-furanosyl nucleosides (I; base = uracil, thymine, cytosine), via conjugate addition of N-methyl-hydroxylamine to lactone (II; X = H, F) is reported. The reaction took place in a regio- and stereo-specific manner, determined by the bulky 5'-protecting group. Preliminary results showed both  $\alpha$ - and  $\beta$ -anomers of I (base = cytosine) had anti-HIV activity in vitro, and high toxicity of  $\beta$ -anomer against CEM cell lines.

IT 219841-81-3P

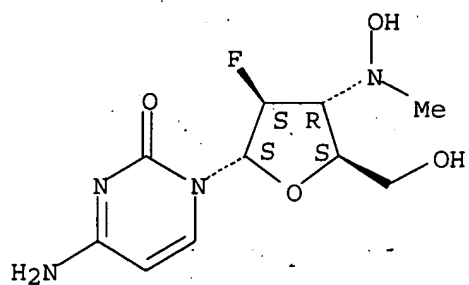
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and biol. activity of in the synthesis of 2',3'-dideoxy-2'- $\beta$ -fluoro-3'-(N-hydroxy-N-methylamino)-D-arabinofuranosyl nucleosides)

RN 219841-81-3 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-[2,3-dideoxy-2-fluoro-3-(hydroxymethylamino)- $\alpha$ -D-arabinofuranosyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 39 THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT